

Testing security of CPS

with Formal Methods

Application (in progress) to

industrial protocols

IoS & IoT

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Industrial systems & security



- Hot topic since Stuxnet (Iran 2009)
 - Even military-nuclear protected industrial sites can be damaged by cyberattacks
 - ~1000 centrifuges destroyed
 - Significant attacks (before and) after Stuxnet
 - E.g.: Ukraine black out (2015), German steel plant, Finland heating breakdown...
- Protection becoming a priority for government agencies (France: ANSSI, LPM 2013, OIV)



Testing for security (LIG)


- Goal: early detection of vulnerabilities (security flaws) in systems
- Approach: based on models, Model-Driven Engineering (MDE) and Model Based Testing (MBT), with Formal Methods
- Main techniques:
 - Model learning, reverse engineering
 - Model checking and analysis
 - Test generation, fuzzing

Past and current projects



SPaCIoS

- European: Diamonds, SPaCIoS
 - + many national projects
- Application domains:
 - Internet of Services (web applications)
 - Communication protocols
 - Transport systems (automotive, aerospace, rail)
 - Industrial systems, CPS

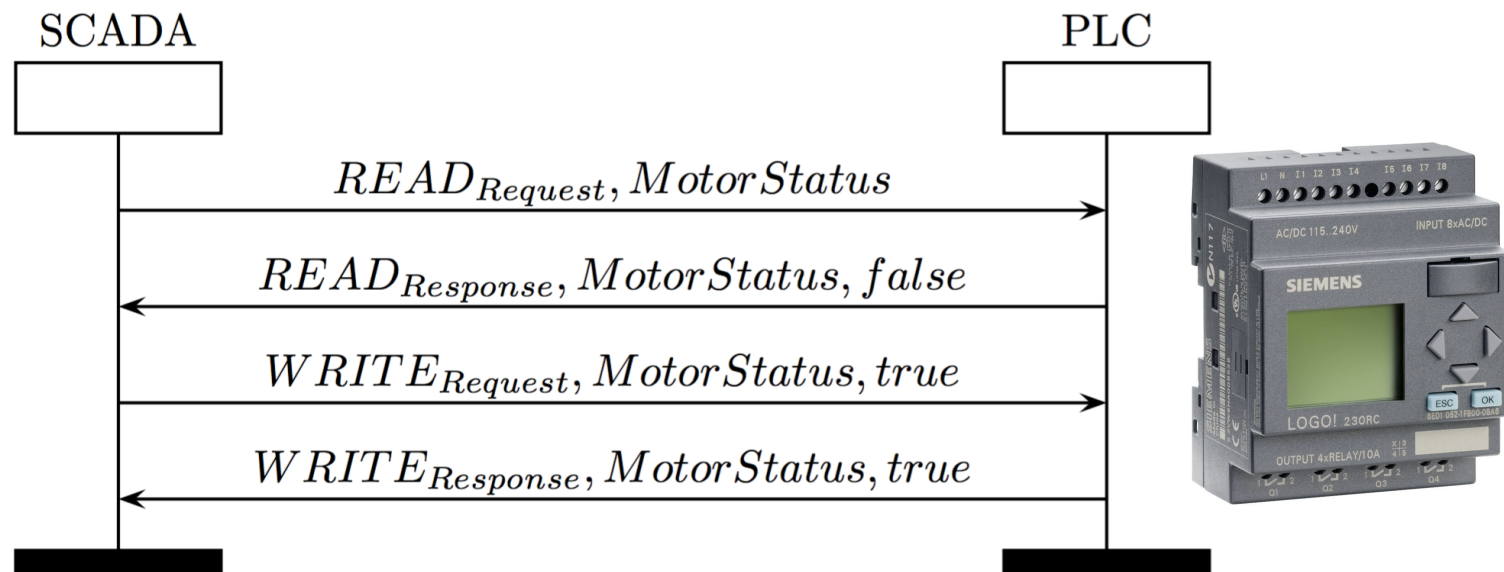
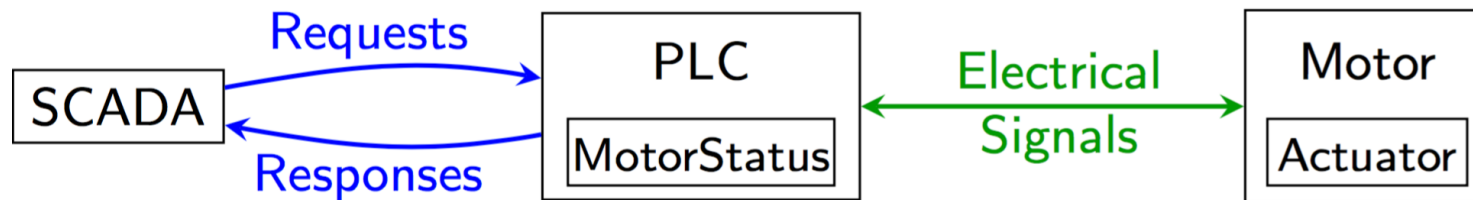


Industrial (&IoT) vs Business IT

- Security priorities differ from IT
 - IT: Confidentiality > Authentication > Integrity > Availability
 - (Indus) Availability > Integrity > Authent. > Confid.
 - IoT: domain dependent, e.g. Integrity > Avail. > Conf.
- Long lived, hard to patch, legacy (+Indus, -IoT)
- Proprietary protocol implementations (~IoT)
- Real-time
- Cyber Physical Systems (physical/vital hazards)

SCADA (Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition)

- SCADA controls variable Motor Status on PLC (Programmable Logic Controller)





Industrial Communication Protocols

■ MODBUS (1979)

- Mostly read/write PLC variables (+config...)
- No security

■ OPC-UA (2006)

- Open PF Communications, Unified Arch.
- Complex standard (978 pages)
- Provisions for security
 - Signed or encrypted messages
 - OPC-UA SecureConversation (similar to TLS with handshake)



Current responses to threats

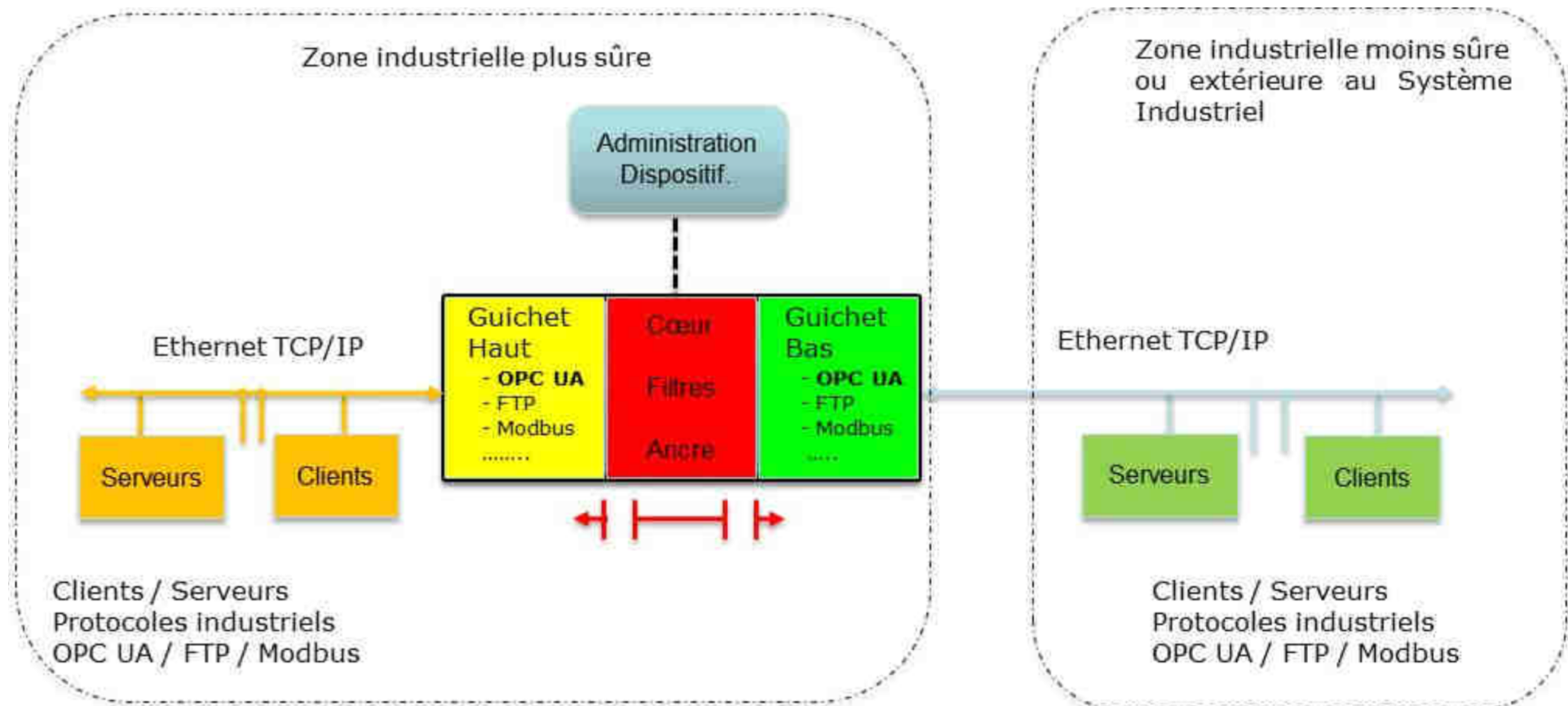
- Legal requirements on companies: risk analysis, human and technical measures
- Zoning: Data diodes, Firewalls for ICS protocols...
- Intrusion Detection Systems & IPS
 - Multiple systems (cf hierarchical distributed structure)
- Research: advanced IDS/IPS, vulnerability detection in protocol specs & implems

LIG security projects for SCADA

- ARAMIS (PIA) **Zoning**
 - Isolation device (~firewall based on protocol rupture)
- SACADE (ASTRID) **Attack prevention & detection**
 - SCADA platform for detecting and playing attacks
- SRED (PIAVE) **On-line protection**
 - Intrusion detection for electric distribution

ARAMIS security gateway

- Deep Packet Inspection
- Rewriting packet contents, with protocol-specific rules
- Physically separated processors





SACADE

- Started 2017
- Investigating Attack scenarios against PLC
- Special focus on scenarios combining Distribution and Encapsulation:
 - Payload recombined from multiple encapsulated sources

Encapsulation:
Payload is legal at all levels of protocols, so espaces protocol filtering

Distribution: Noxious behaviour is obtained by combining commands from several legal commands from distributed sources

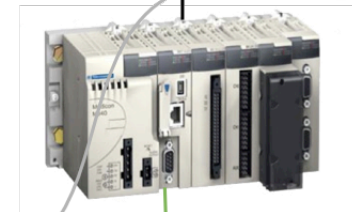
Etape 1: requête reconfiguration esclave

Etape 2: écriture commande

Réseau TCP/IP

Réseau TCP/IP

Bus de terrain





Examples of attack elements

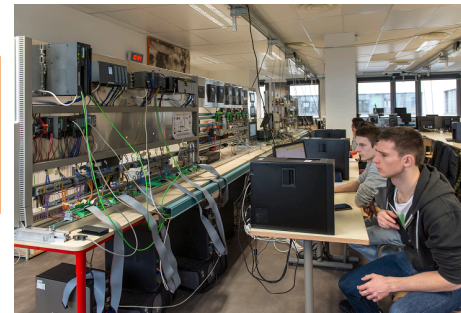
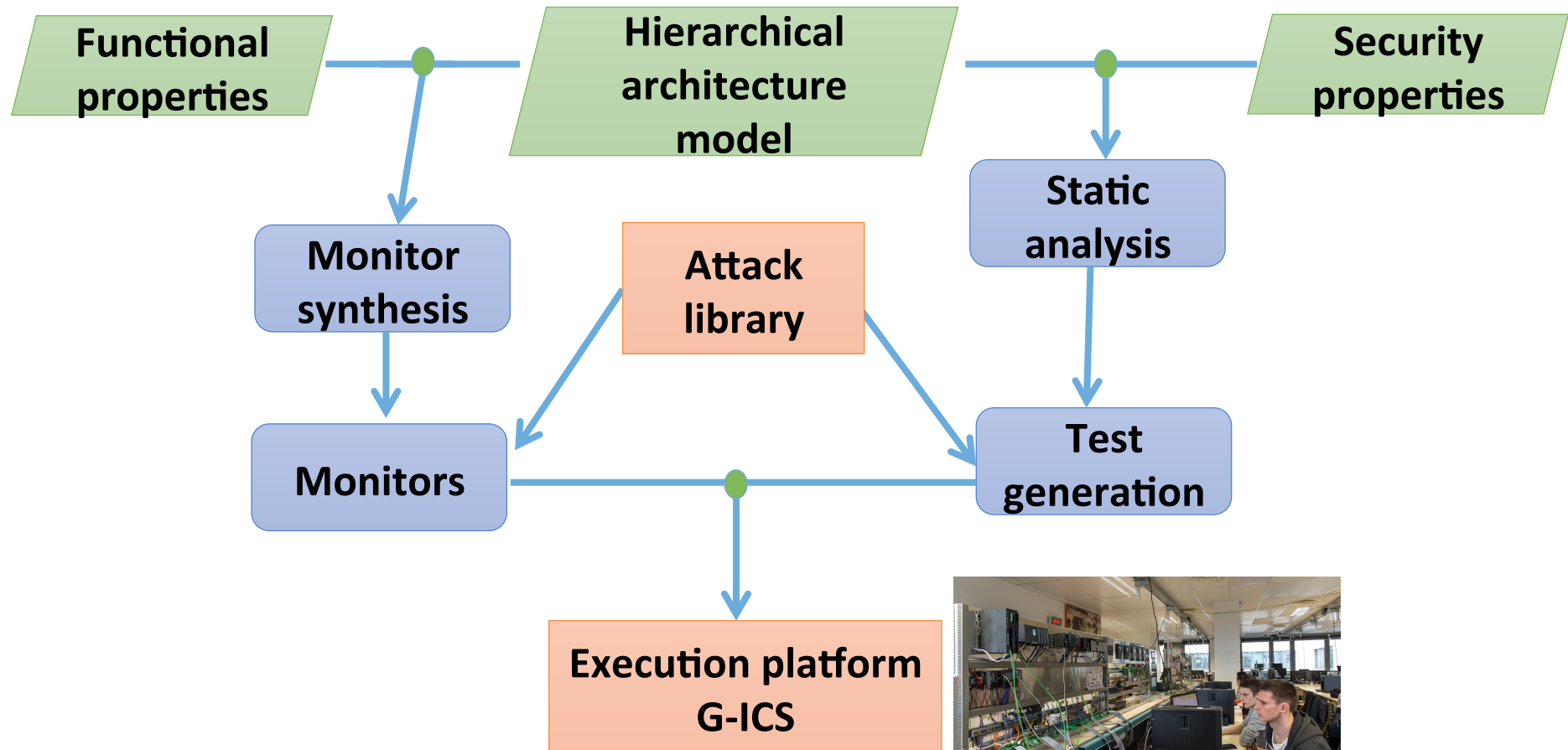
- **Playing on protocol levels**

- Data injection to move towards dangerous states
- Device reconfiguration
- Combining reconfiguration followed by injection

- **Timing dependence**

- Commands sent in transient states of CPS

Experimental Platform (Grenoble)



Model Based analysis to detect vulnerabilities in protocol implem.

- Previous work for vulnerability detection

SPaCIoS

- SPaCloS: tool box for vulnerability in IoS (Internet of Services: Web applications),

- Based on model of cryptographic protocols + Model-checking, model based testing, model inference...

- Kameleon Fuzz: smart fuzzing

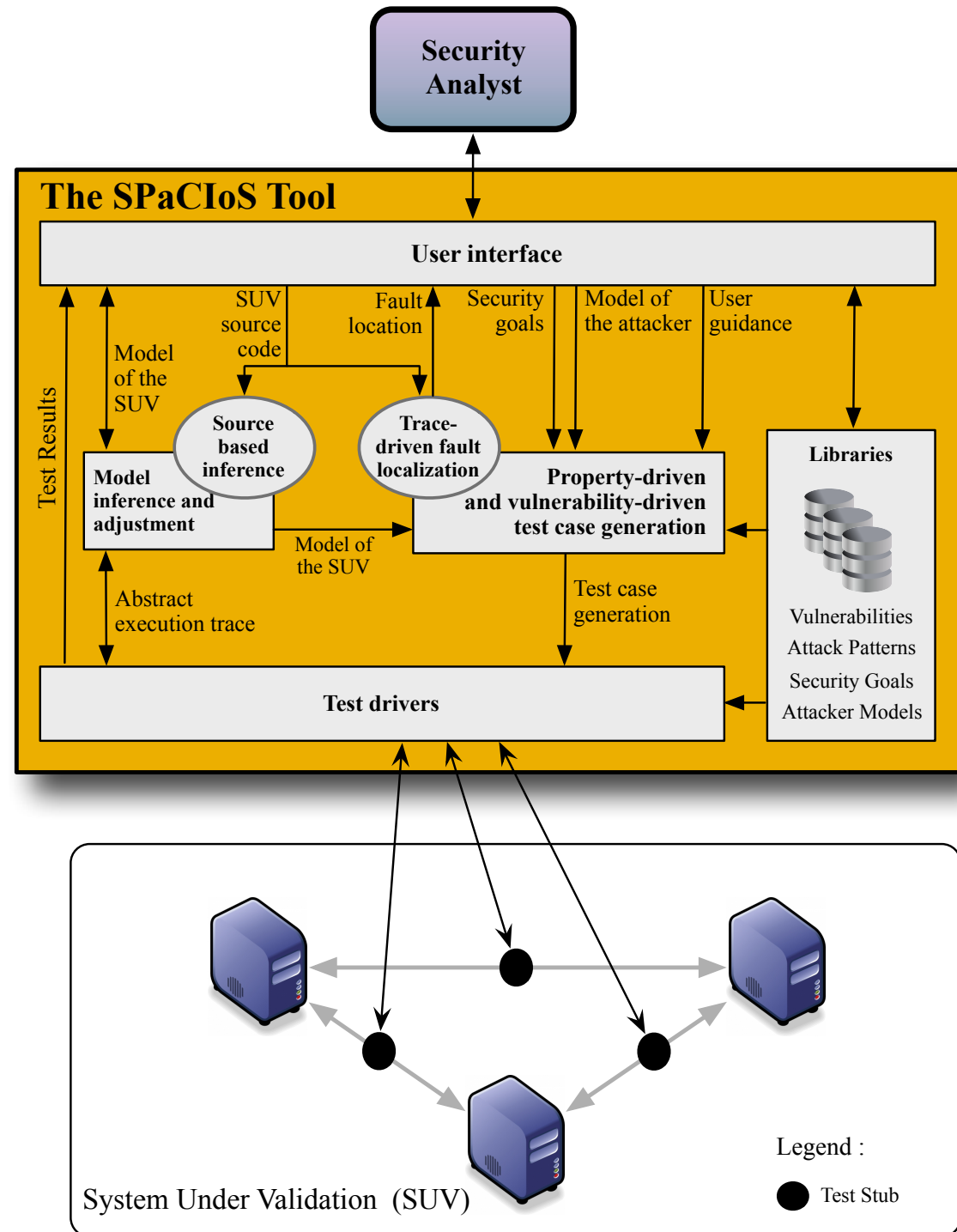


- Based on protocol model and grammar

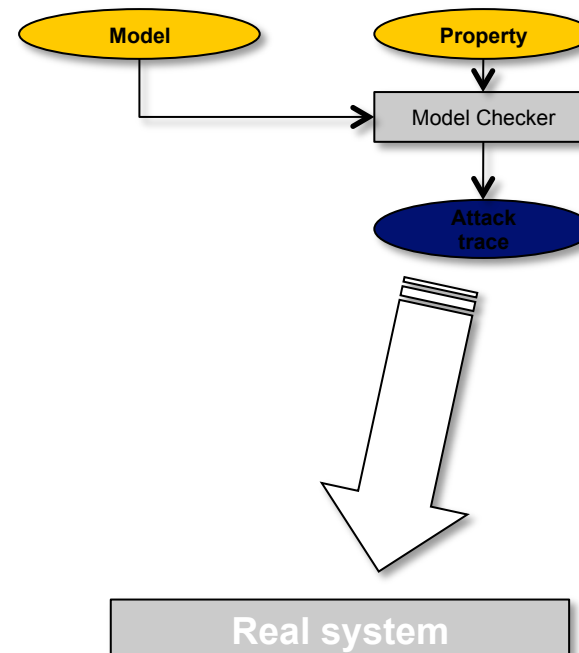
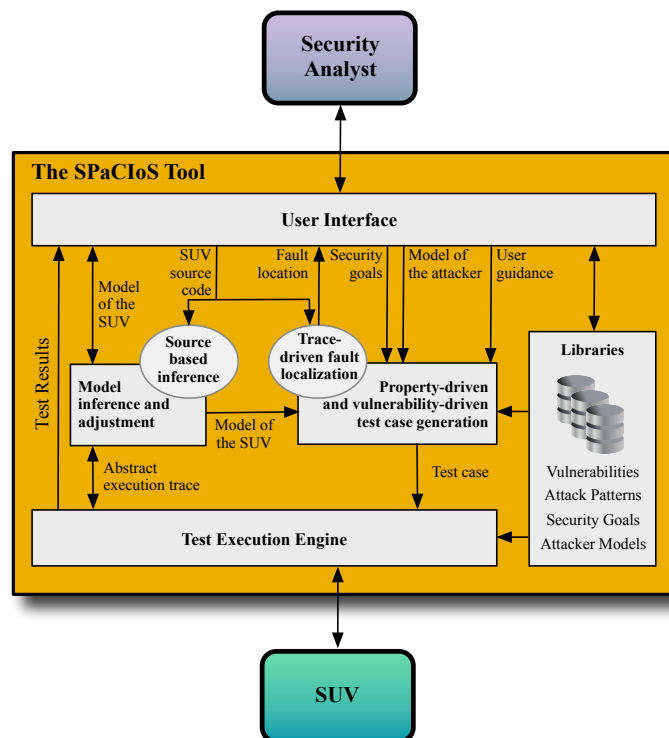
SPaCIoS tool

- Modelling with
 - ASLan++
- Models can be retrieved
 - From source code (jModex)
 - Black box testing (SIMPA)

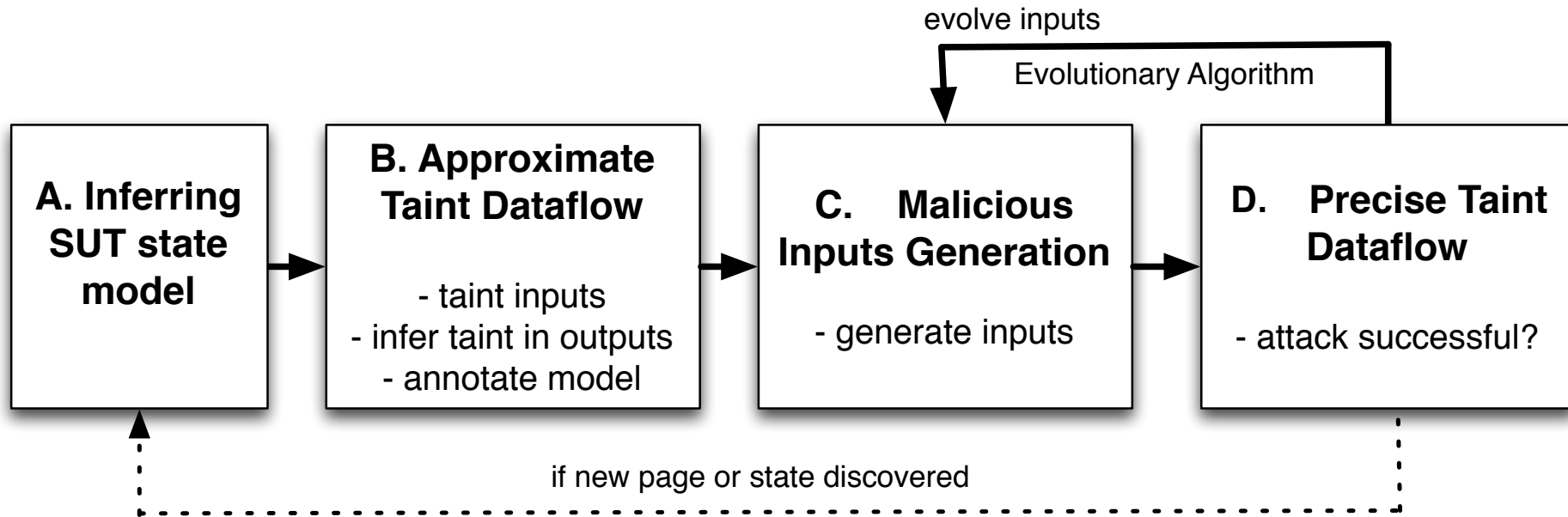
SPaCIoS



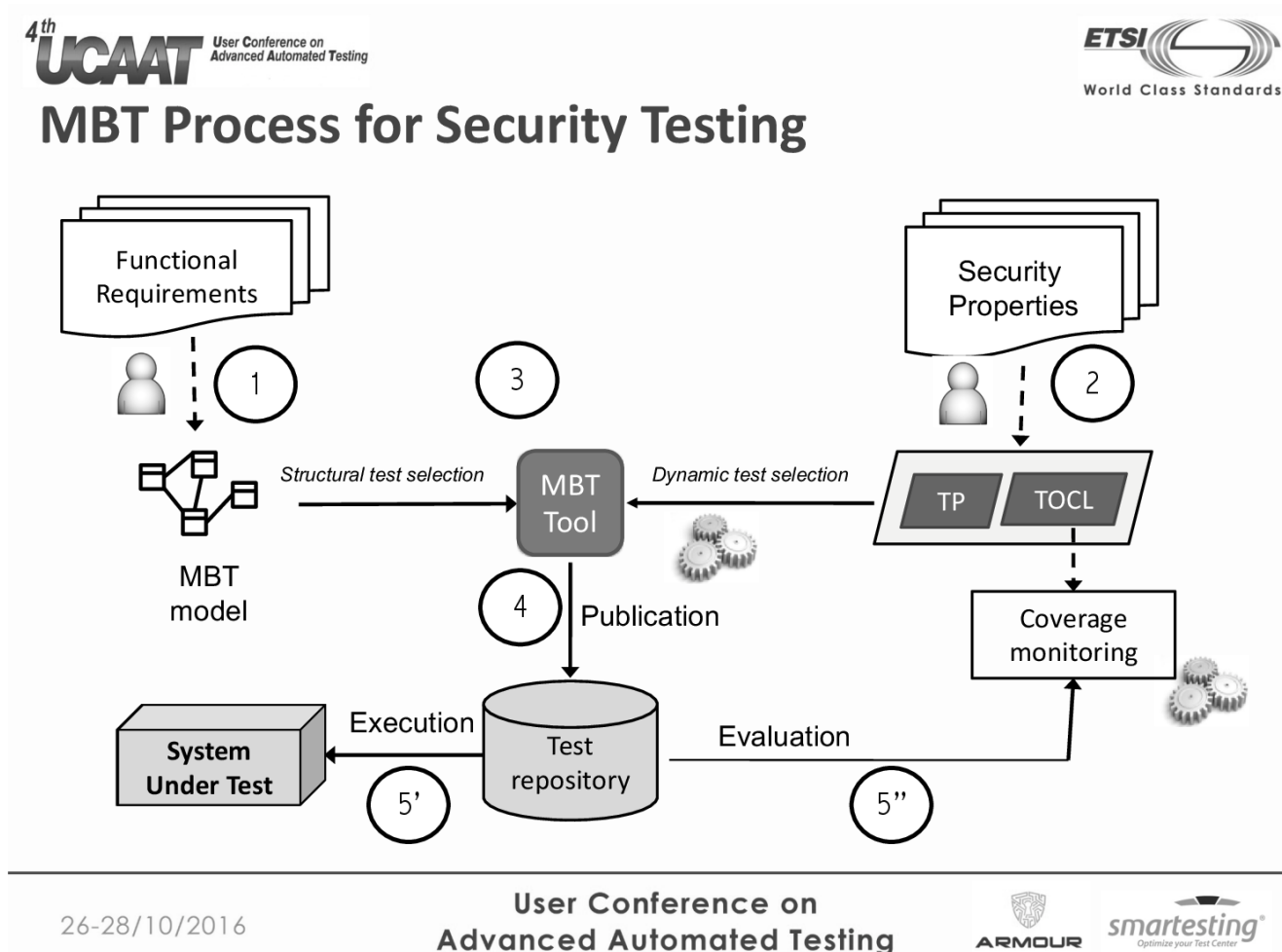
	Objectives	Results
WP 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Validation techniques <ul style="list-style-type: none"> model checking property-driven testing vulnerability-driven testing bridge components 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Working prototypes of (and more) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Model inference SIMPA Model extraction jModex Mutation-based testing SPaCiTE Instrumentation-based testing IBT LTL separation for testing Fred Low level attacker models Vera Fuzzing KameleonFuzz & SVCov
WP 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SPaCloS Tool Validation methodology patterns 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SPaCloS Tool released Valid. method. patterns & Tutorials



KameleonFuzz overview



Other approach: test patterns





Back to SCADA & CPS security

- Weak protocols => easily found attacks
- Difficulties lie in concretization
 - Bypassing security architecture
 - firewall through encapsulation & multiple interface
 - IDS through non monitored channels
 - Dealing with proprietary undocumented protocols and features
- Methods above might be too sophisticated ?



**THANK YOU
FOR YOUR ATTENTION.**

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BACKUP SLIDES

Architecture of Industrial Control Systems

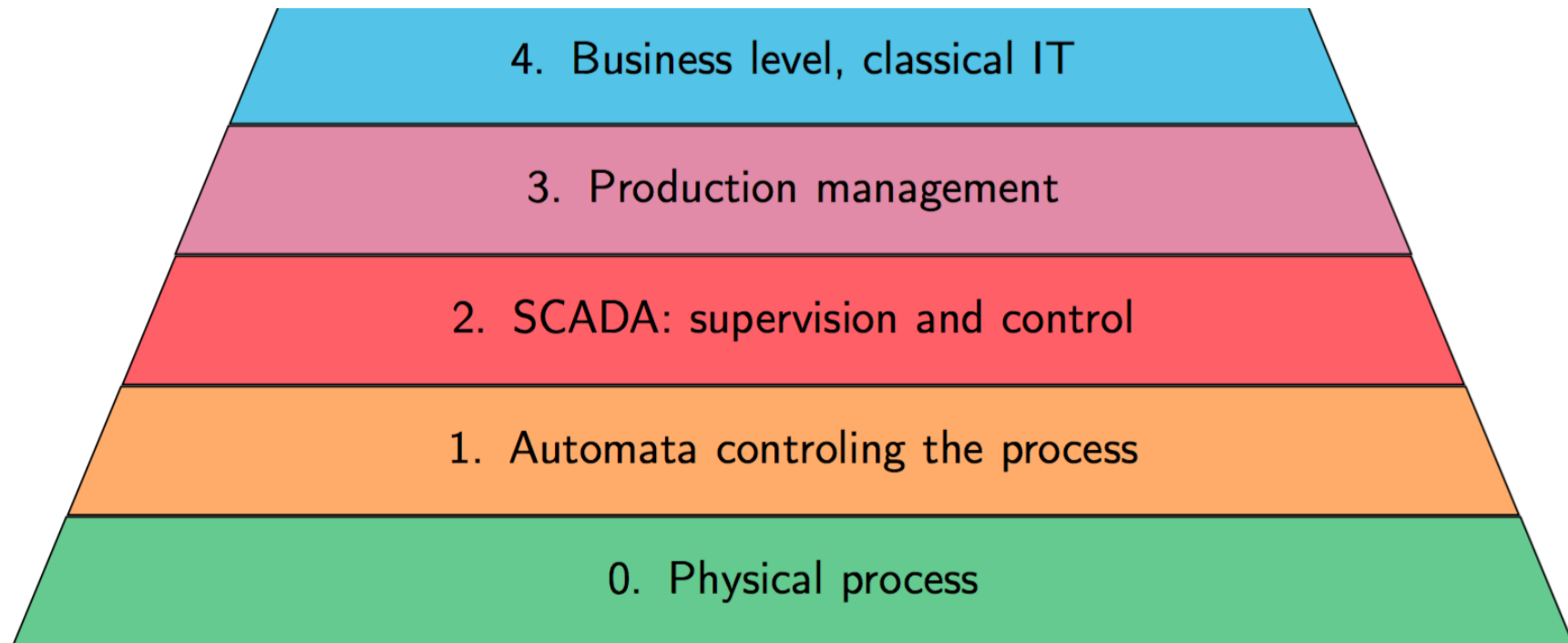
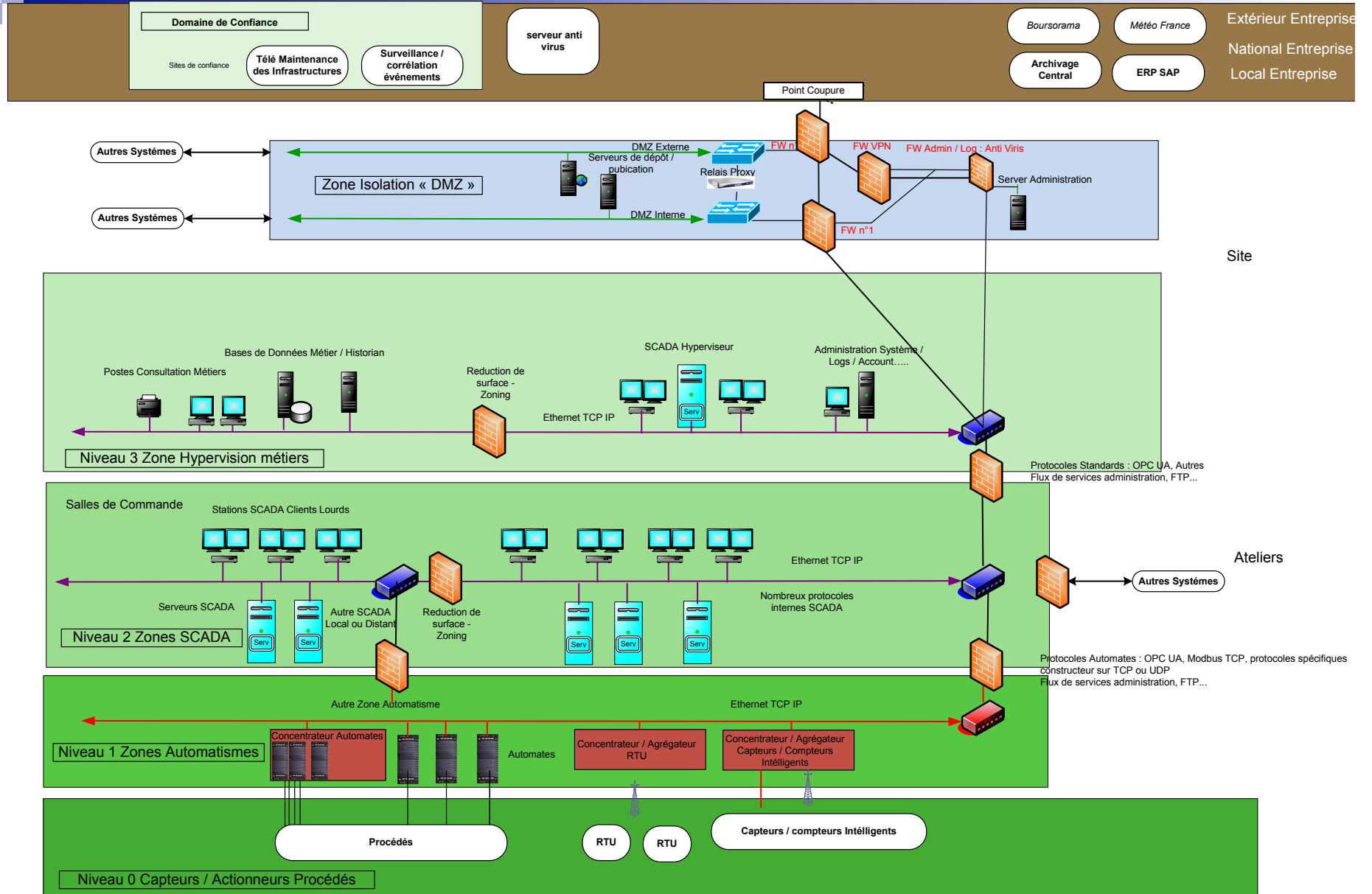
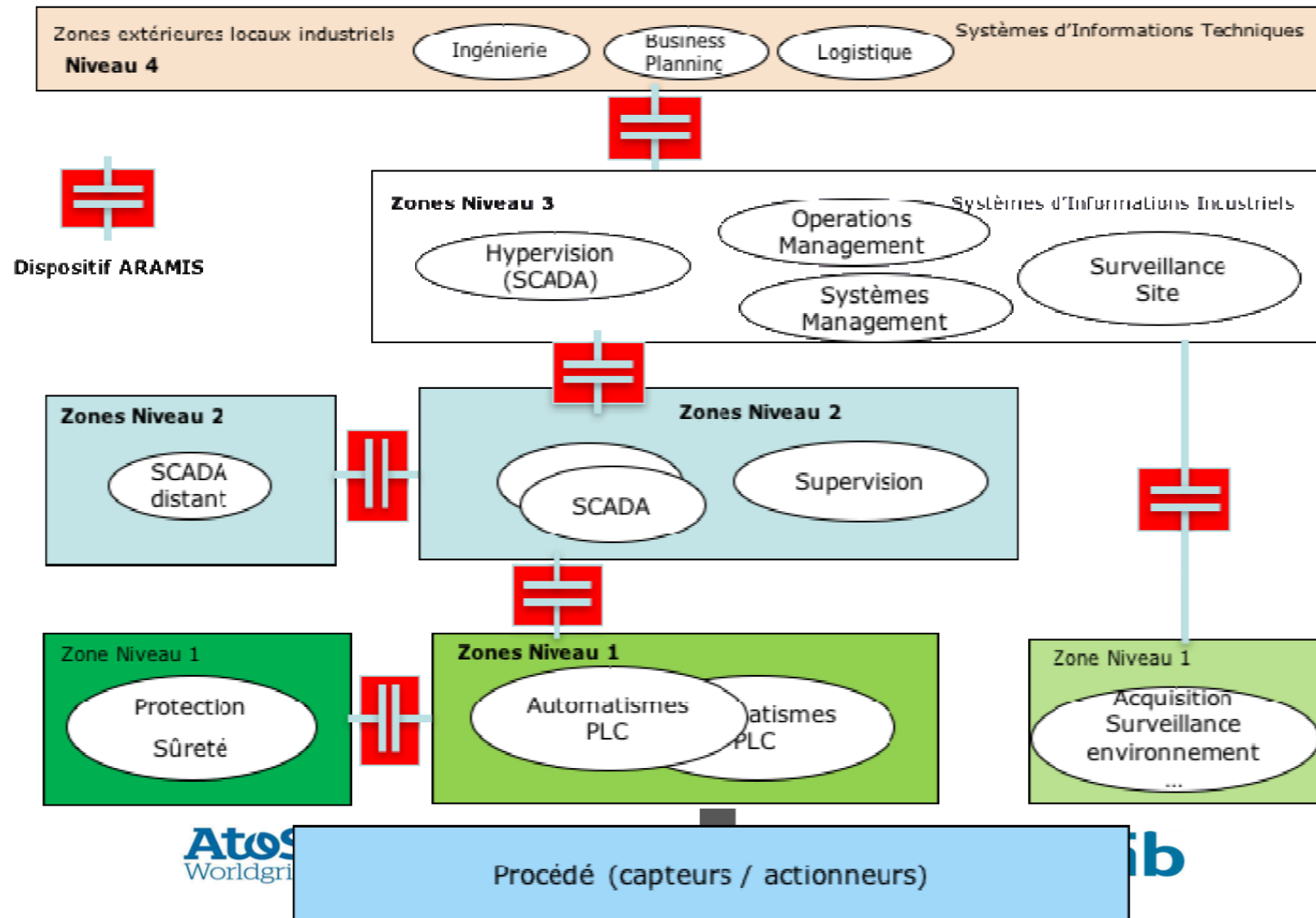


Figure : **Purdue** model [Wil91]

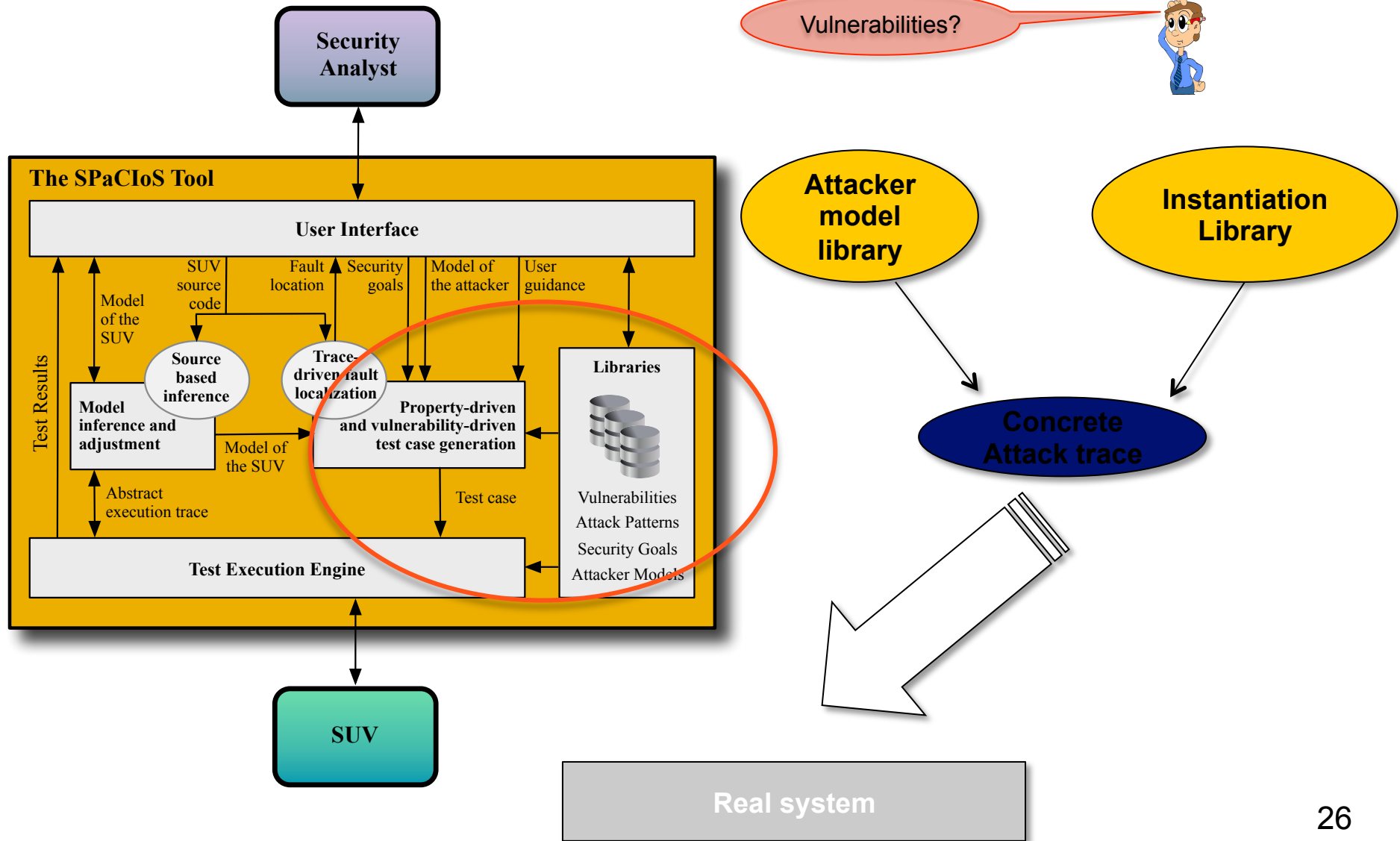
Schéma d'Architecture SCADA.VSD Atos Worldgrid



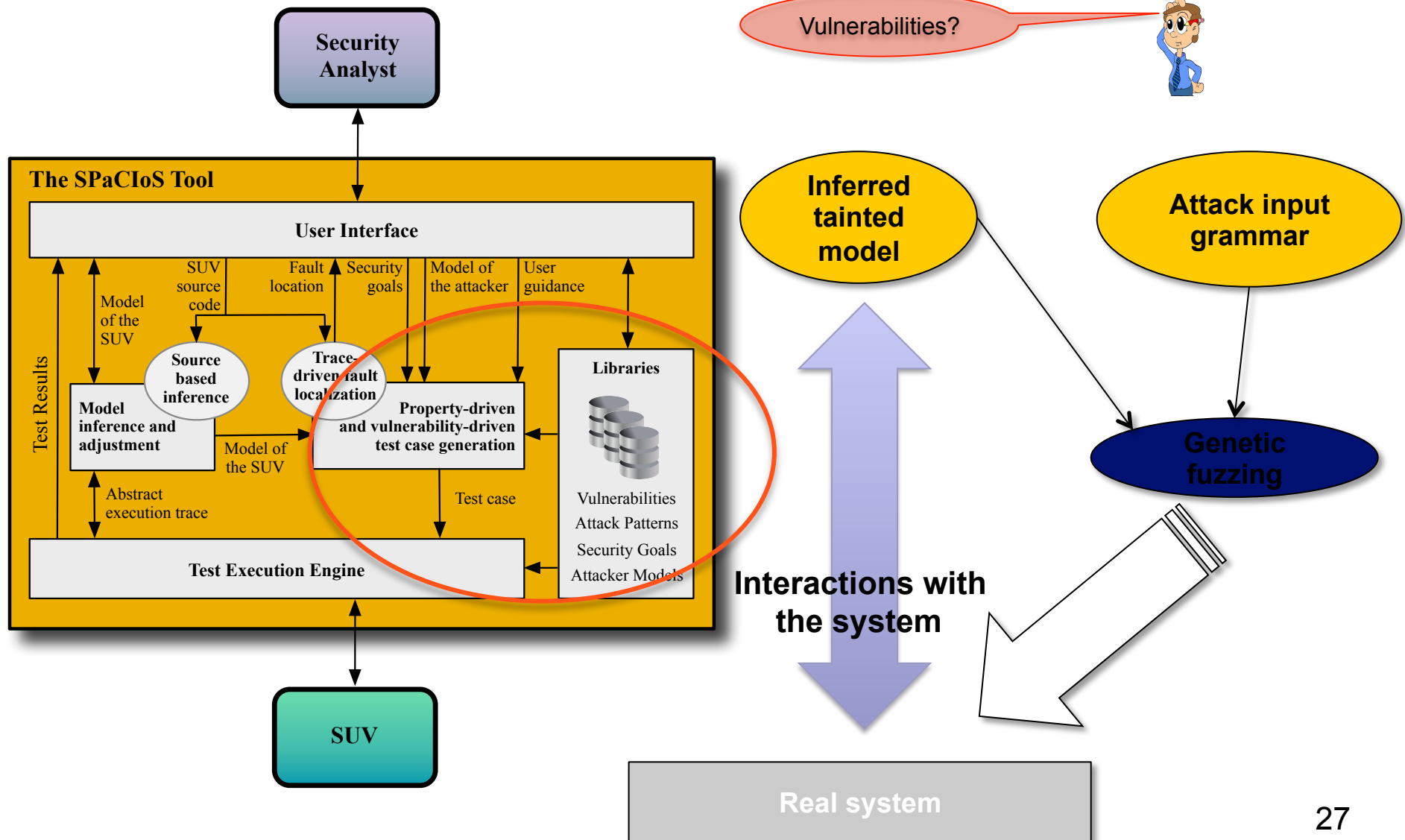
ARAMIS



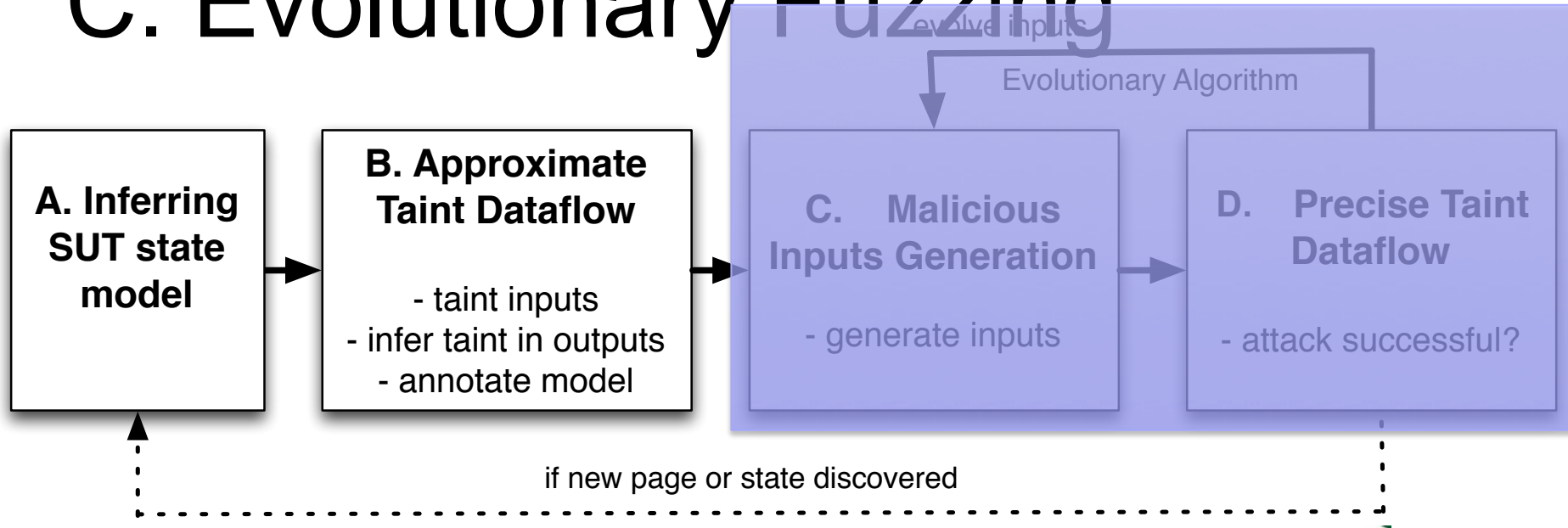
Low-level attacker models: Vera



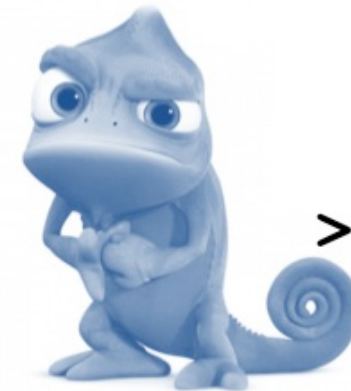
KameleonFuzz



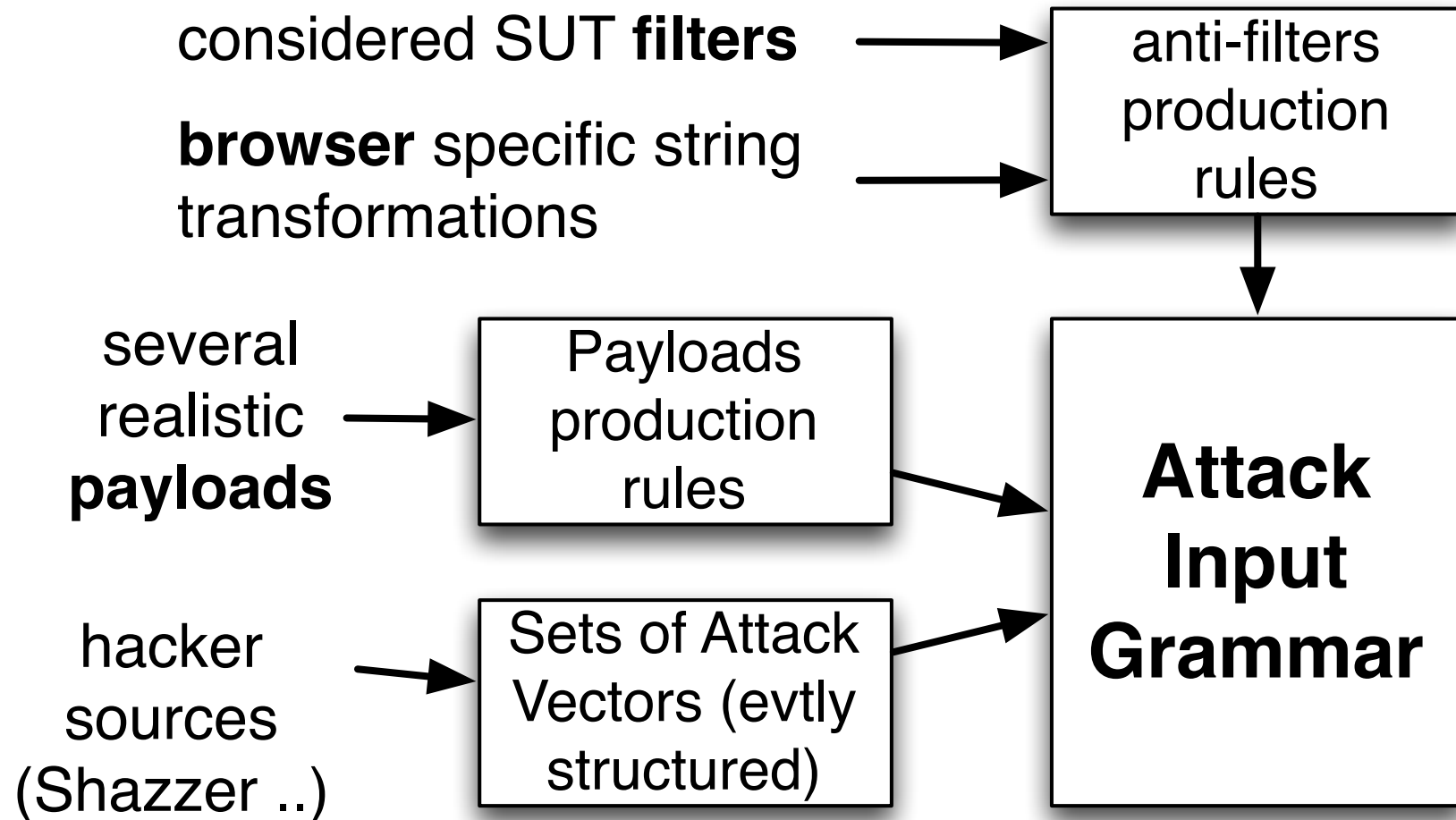
C. Evolutionary Fuzzing



- Attack Input Grammar
- Mutation & Crossover
- Fitness & Test Verdict



Attack Input Grammar



Mutation (at input param. value)

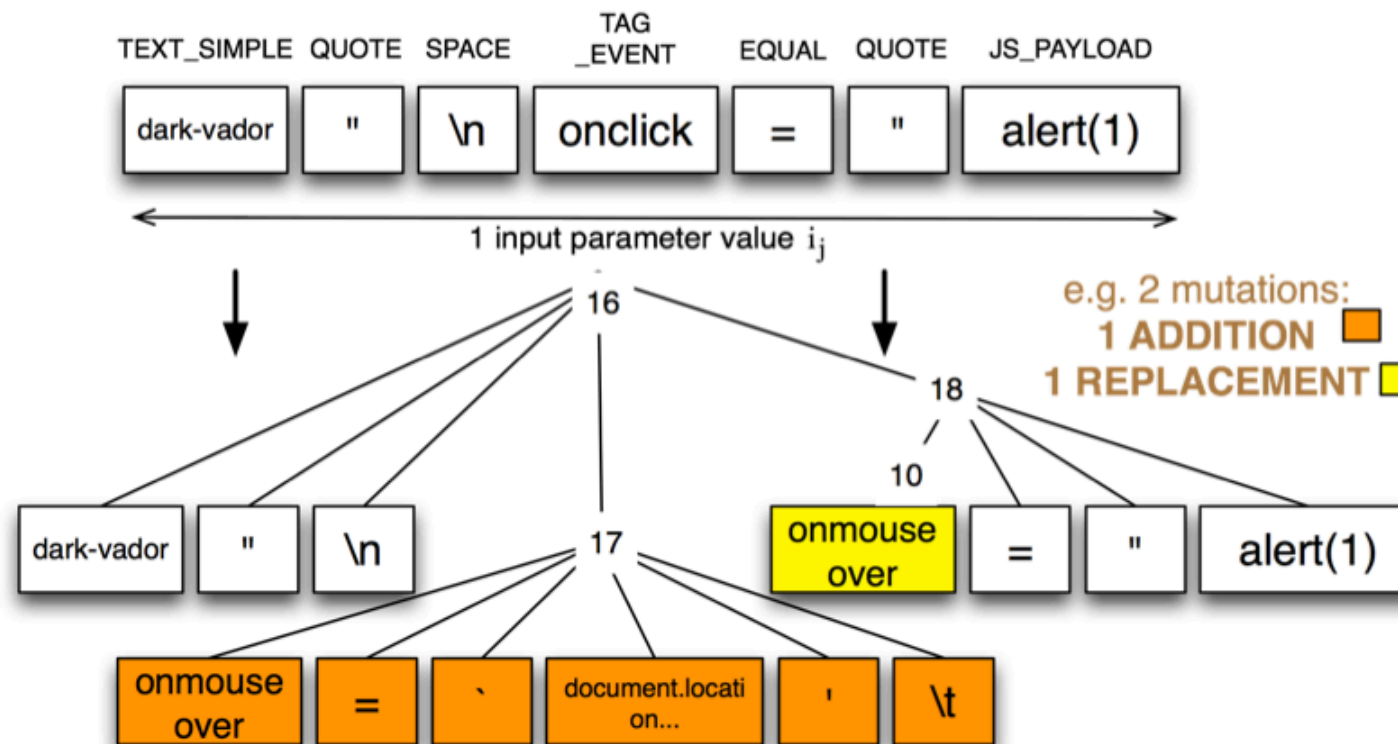
w.r.t. Attack Input Grammar G_{AI} add, delete, replace elements:

10: `html_tag_event = "onabort" | ... | "onclick" | ... | "onwaiting"`

16: `xss_in_attribute = text_simple quote space xss_at_least_1_attribute html_attribute_before_end_quote`

17: `xss_at_least_1_attribute = [0:15] (html_attribute_before_end_quote quote text_simple space)`

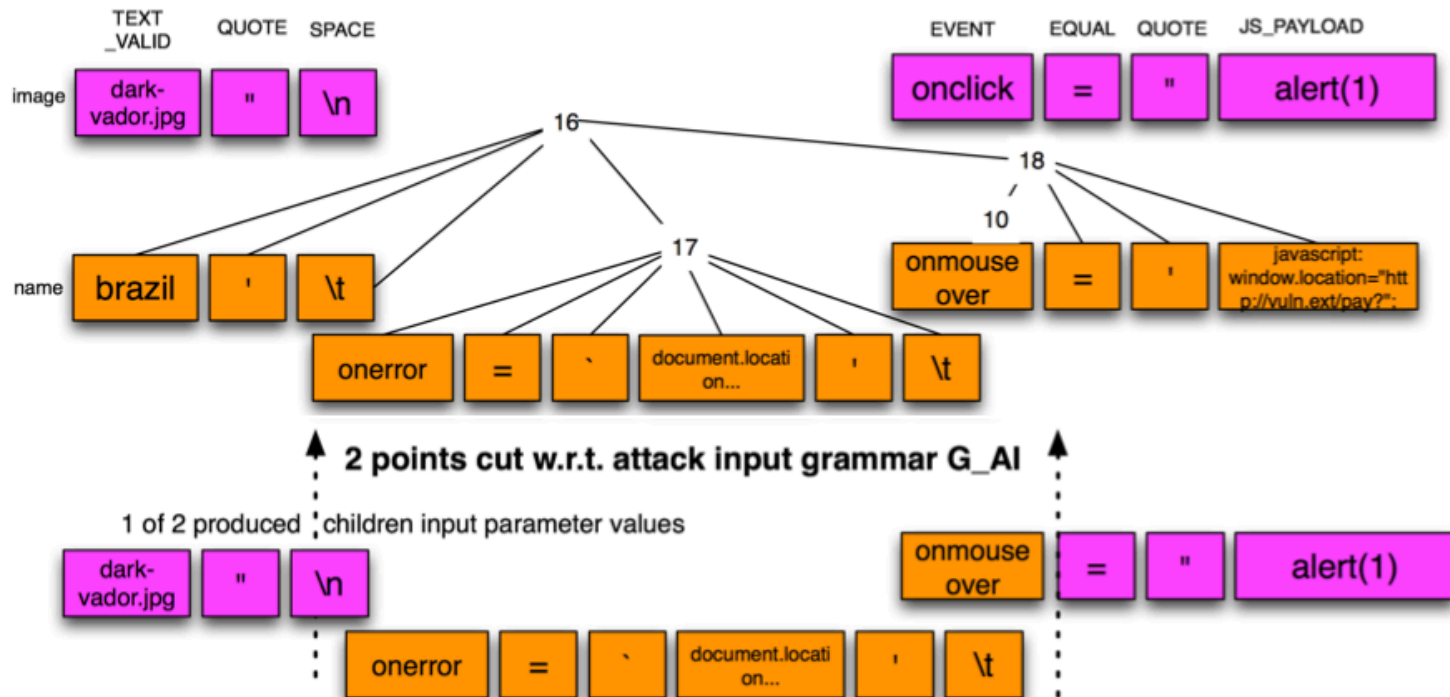
18: `html_attribute_before_end_quote = tag_event "=" quote js_payload`



Crossover (at input param. value)

Let $I = (\text{prefixSeqI}, (\text{image} = \text{dark-vador.jpg} \backslash \text{n onclick} = \text{"alert(1)})$
 and $J = (\text{prefixSeqJ}, (\text{name} = \text{brazil} \backslash \text{t} \dots \text{onmouseover} = \text{'javascript:...}))$

- input parameter level:





Other approach: test patterns

- Developed by FEMTO-ST & Smartesting (Besançon)
- Based on CertifyIt tool
- « High level » test patterns based on
 - Expert knowledge
 - Known high level vulnerability classes
 - Tool uses TP to guide symbolic exploration of model
 - Unfolding of patterns based on constraint solving



Language for security properties

- TOCL: Temporal OCL (Dwyer99, patterns)
- TOCL property = Pattern+Scope
- Pattern: event ordering
 - (always, never, eventually k times, precedes, follows)
- Scope: restricts pattern to interval
 - (globally, between, after, before)