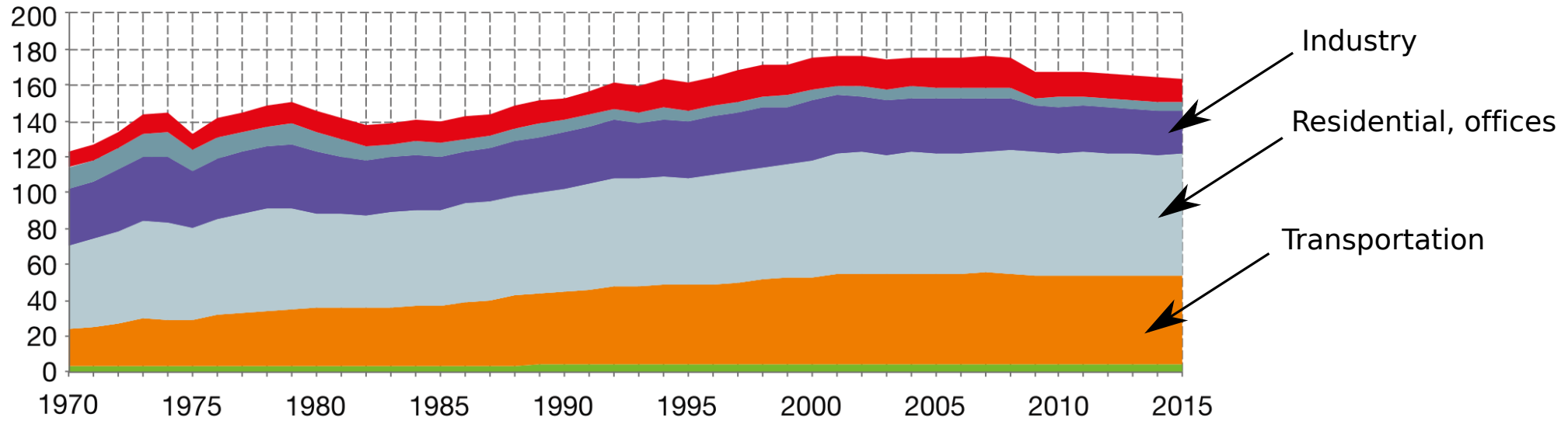




# E-coach : a user centered energy manager

Amr Alyafi (LIG / G-Scop), S. Ploix (G-Scop) and P. Reignier (LIG)

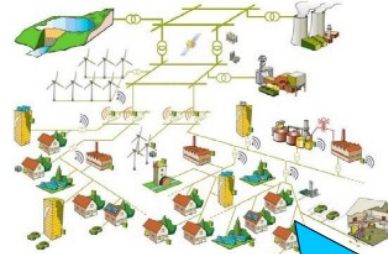
# Energy management at home



Statistics from the ministry of the Environment, Energy and Sea

[http://www.statistiques.developpement-durable.gouv.fr/fileadmin/user\\_upload/Datalab-13-CC-de\\_l-energie-edition-2016-fevrier2017.pdf&](http://www.statistiques.developpement-durable.gouv.fr/fileadmin/user_upload/Datalab-13-CC-de_l-energie-edition-2016-fevrier2017.pdf&)

# Evolutions



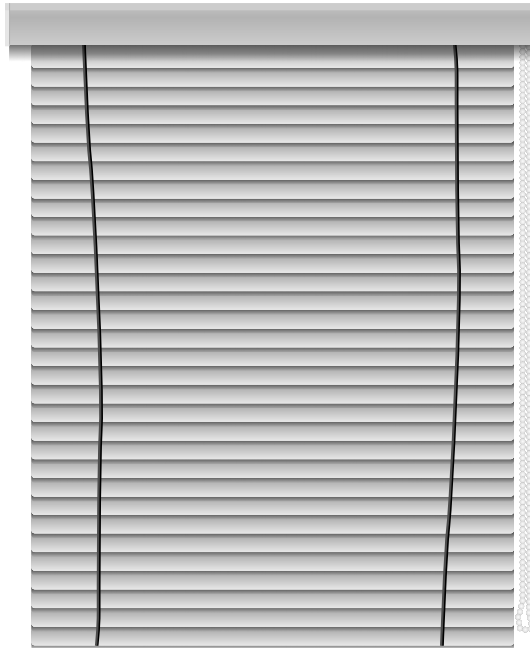
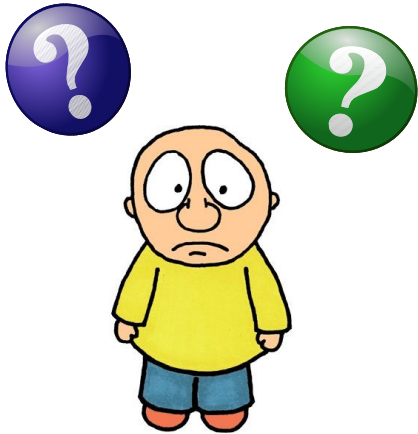
Behavior is the main source of energy loss



# Doing instead : automation



Building an “optimal” plan for controlling the appliances



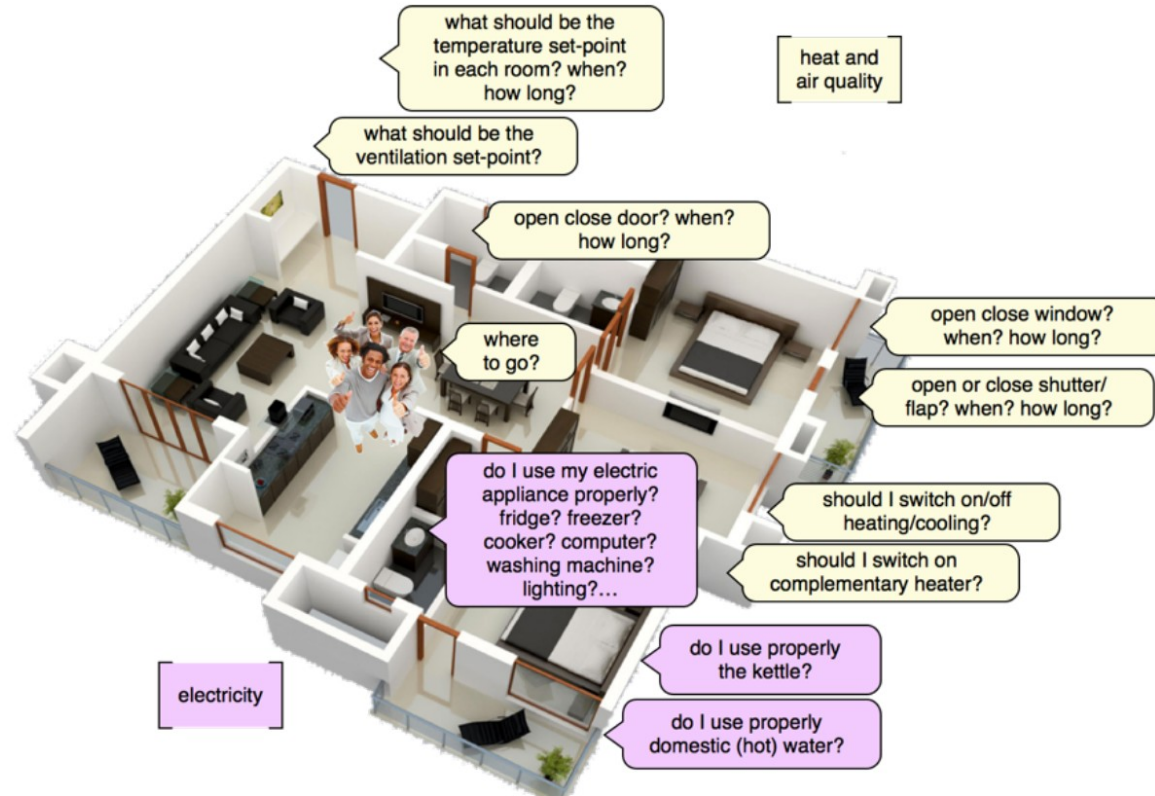
- Why is it closing the blinds ?
- Does it really knows my intentions ?
- Incompleteness of runtime models
  
- Having the possibility is comfort

# Doing with : involvement



- To cooperate with and not to replace
- The inhabitant is the one:
  - Who knows what he wants
  - Who should decide

# Doing with : involvement



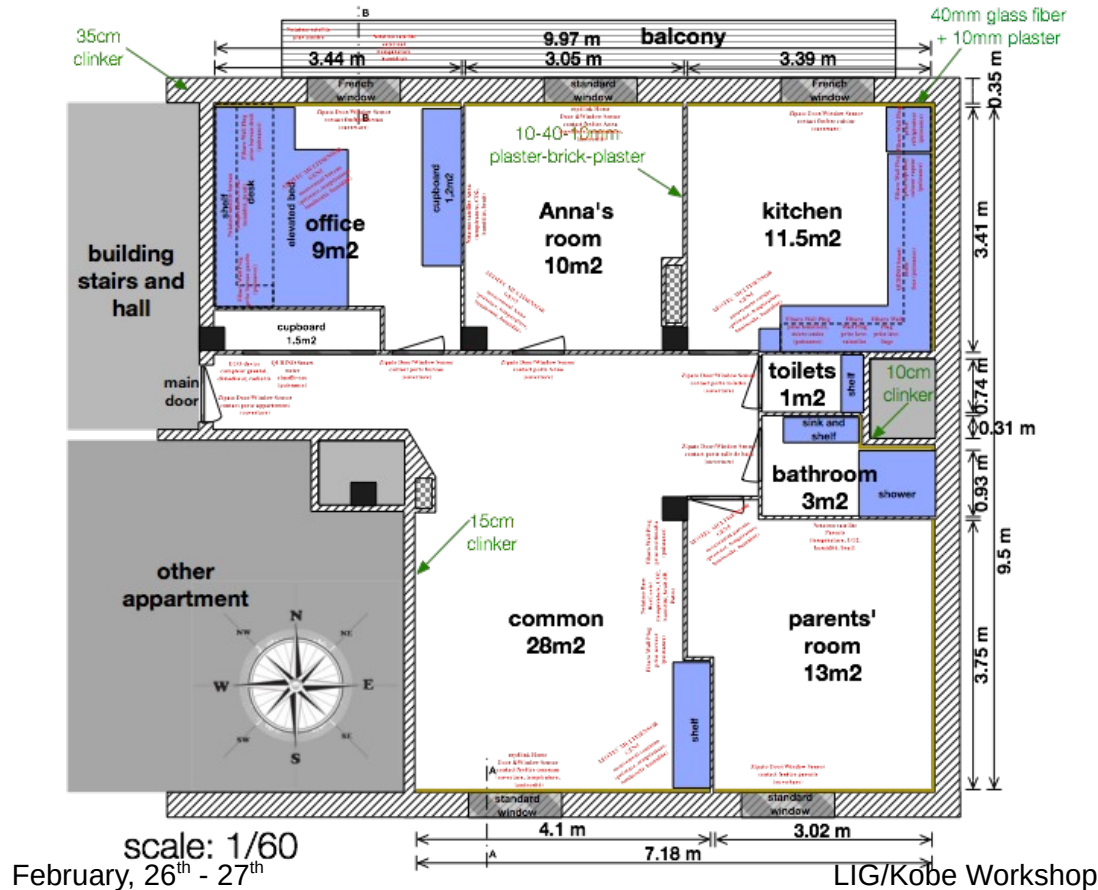
# Doing with : involvement



- To help the user to make informed decisions
- To help the user to understand the consequences of his decisions

Explanation Service

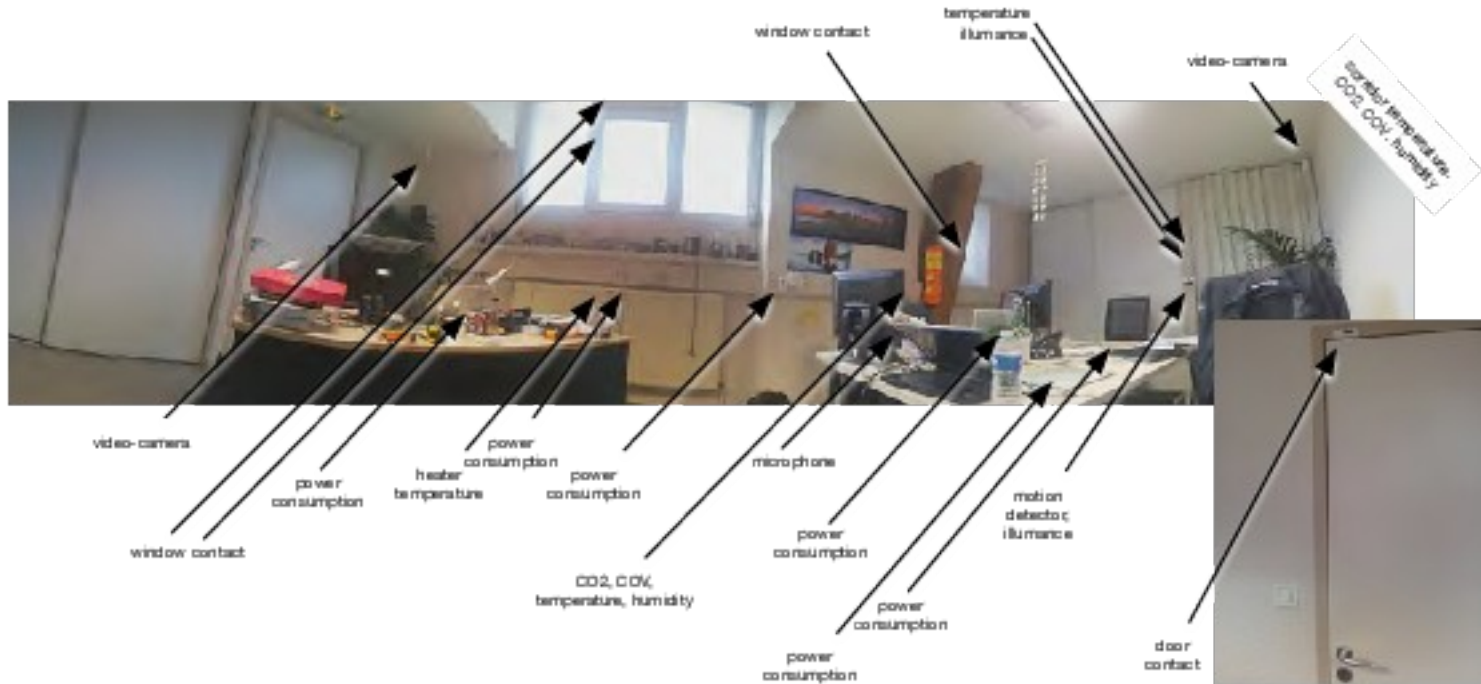
# Sensors



- 70 sensors
- Indoor
  - Contacts
  - Power-meters
  - Temperatures
  - Humidity
  - CO2
  - Motions
  - Luminosity
- Outdoor
  - Temperature
  - Wind
  - Luminosity



# Sensors



# Objectives



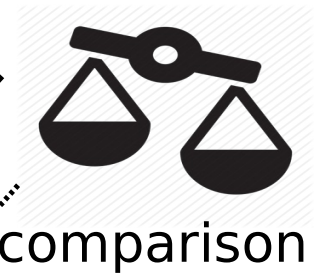
- 3 categories of sensors :
  - Context : weather, outside temperature, ...
  - Environment : CO2, inside temperature, humidity, ...
  - Actions detectors : doors opening, windows opening, ...
- Objective :
  - Find causal relations between (context, action) and environment
- Small amount of data
- Add expert knowledge : a physical model
- Physical model : to predict, not to explain
  - Causality is implicit and not explicit
  - Must be extracted through simulation

# Differential explanations



Optimized day

energy model 



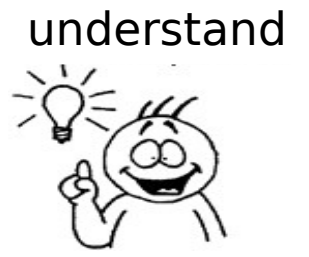
comparison



analyzed day



differential explanations



understand



change routine

# Result



	hour	$\Delta$ action	$\Delta$ effect	$\Delta$ through
Window Opening	08:00			OUT
Door Opening	09:00			COR
	10:00			COR
Thermal Comfort	11:00			COR
	12:00			COR
	13:00			COR
	14:00			COR
Air Quality	15:00			COR
	16:00			
	17:00			COR
	18:00			
	19:00			
	ALL			COR

- Describes how we can change our behavior
- Does not really explains
- If I am not here at 10h00 to close the door, is it a problem ?
- Is it really important ?
- Causality

# Differential explanations



Optimized day



energy model



comparison



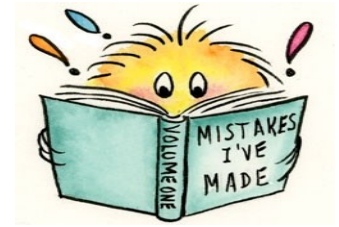
Optimized day without the 1 action



differential explanations



understand



change routine



# Differential explanation with influence



hour	$\Delta$ action	$\Delta$ effect	$\Delta$ through
08:00			OUT
09:00			COR
10:00			COR
11:00			COR
12:00			COR
13:00			COR
14:00			COR
15:00			COR
16:00			
17:00			COR
18:00			
19:00			
ALL			COR

Influence

- Dans le créneau horaire 09h-10h, si vous aviez laissé la porte et la fenêtre ouvertes beaucoup plus longtemps, il y aurait eu un léger flux thermique ainsi qu'un courant d'air sensible vers le couloir ... et d'une façon globale le confort thermique aurait augmenté beaucoup et la qualité de l'air aurait augmentée un peu.

# And other services



- Replay
- Mirror
- What-if
- etc.



# Questions ?

